

A publication of the Education and Training Division

## THE ASSOCIATION OF ACCOUNTING TECHNICIANS OF SRI LANKA EDUCATION AND TRAINING DIVISION

## AA3 Examination - January 2017 (AA 31) Financial Accounting and Reporting

# SUGGESTED ANSWERS

Four (04) compulsory questions. (Total Marks 20)

## Suggested Answers to Question No. 01

(a) An asset is a resource controlled by the entity as a result of past event and from which future economic benefits are expected to flow to the entity.

(02 marks)

**SECTION A** 

- (b) 1. Objective of financial reporting / Statement
  - 2. The qualitative characteristics of useful financial information
  - 3. Concept of capital and capital maintenance

(03 marks) (Total 05 marks)

## Suggested Answers to Question No. 02

- (a) 1 A statement of cash flows helps to assess the ability of an enterprise to generate cash and cash equivalent.
  - 2 It enables the company to calculate the present values of future cash flows and to compare them among different business enterprises.
  - 3 It helps to understand the ability of an enterprise to generate cash and their effective utilization for various purposes.
  - 4 It gives a good understanding on probable changes in net assets and finance structure when it is used in conjunction with the other components of the financial statements.
  - 5 Historical cash flow information could be used as an indicator for determining the amount of timing and certainty of future cash flows.
  - 6 Actual cash flows could be used as an index to plan ahead the control over the future cash flows.

(03 marks)

- (b) 1. Treasury bills
  - 2. Current accounts with bank

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Financial Accounting and Reporting

- 3. Saving accounts (which form part of cash and cash equivalent day to day Cash management)
- 4. Bank overdraft
- 5. Cash in hand

(02 marks) (Total 05 marks)

## Suggested Answers to Question No. 03

#### 1. Not an intangible asset

**Reason :** Recruitment of special skilled employees with a salary of Rs. 500,000/- per month on permanent basis cannot be considered as an expense relevant to the development process, as it needs to be continued even after the development is completed. Therefore, it is a recurring expenditure.

#### 2. An intangible asset

Reason : Purchase of software at a cost of Rs. 2.5 million can be recognized as an intangible asset. Without installing software, the commercial production cannot be started, thus it means without the software future economic benefits will not be probable to flow to the entity.

### 3. An intangible asset

**Reason :** Purchase of export license can be treated as an intangible asset, thus Rs. 1 million can be capitalized. Externally acquired license satisfies the identifiability as it arises as a result of contractual or legal right even though it is not transferable.

(05 marks)

Stock Sheet (Stock Ledger)								
Date	Issue Receipts			B	Balance			
	Qty.	Price	Amount	Qty.	Price	Amount	Qty.	Amount
01.04.2016							16,000	256,000
10.04.2016				5,000	16	80,000	11,000	176,000
20.04.2016	10,000	17	170,000				21,000	346,000
15.04.2016	37,000	15	555,000				58,000	901,000
25.04.2016				30,000	15.53	465,900	28,000	435,100
10.06.2016	41,000	18	738,000				69,000	1,173,100
29.06.2016				8,000	17	136,000	<u>61,000</u>	<u>1,037,100</u>

Suggested Answers to Question No. 04

(05 marks)

End of Section A



Three (03) compulsory questions (Total 30 marks)

# Suggested Answers to Question No. 05

Spiritual Trading PLC		
Statement of Cash Flows (Operating Activities Only)		
For the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2016.		
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net profit before taxation		1,850,000
Adjustment For		
Depreciation	300,000	
Disposal Loss	50,000	
Interest Expenses	200,000	
Provision for gratuity	450,000	1,000,000
Operating profit before working capital changes		2,850,000
Increase in Inventories	(3,400,000)	
Decrease in Trade Receivables	520,000	
Increase in Trade Payables	1,330,000	(1,550,000)
Cash generated from operating activities	A	1,300,000
Interest Paid	(70,000)	
Taxes Paid	(180,000)	(250,000)
Net cash flows from operating activities		1,050,000

## Workings

	Incom	ie Tax	
Cash	180,000	B/B/F	300,000
B/C/F	570,000	P and L	450,000
	750,000		750,000
	Inte	rest	
Cash	70,000	B/B/F	120,000
B/C/F	250,000	P and L	200,000
	320,000		320,000
			(10 marks)

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# Suggested Answers to Question No. 06

1.	Gross Profit Ratio	= Gross Profit / Sales *100 4,100/14,500 * 100 = <b>28.28%</b>
2.	Quick Assets Ratio	= Current Assets – Inventories: Current Liabilities 6,550 - 2,000 : 2,900 = <b>1.57 : 1</b>
3.	Current Ratio	= Current Assets : Current Liabilities 6,550 : 2,900 = <b>2.26 : 1</b>
4.	• As an alternati	<pre>od = Average Stock / Credit Sales * 365   ((2,000+2,100)/2) / 10,400 * 365   = 72 Days ve, closing stock can be taken as a numerator for the calculation of the ratio will be 50.3 or 51 days</pre>
5.	Earnings per Share	<ul> <li>Profit After Tax (Attributable to Share Holders) / Weighted Avg. Number of Shares</li> <li>= 2,450/1500</li> <li>= 1.633 Per Share</li> </ul>
6.	Return on Capital Employed (ROCE)	= Profit before interest & tax / Capital Employed *100 (2,450 / 6,700) x 100 = 36.56%

(10 marks)

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# Suggested Answers to Question No. 07

(a)

## **Extract of Statement of Financial Position**

Non-Current Assets		
Leased Assets – Motor Vehicle	8,500,000	
Acc. Depreciation	(1,062,500)	
Carrying Value		7,437,500
Lease Creditors – Liability		
Balance as at the Beginning		
Facility obtain during the year	5,100,000	
Repaid during the year	(646,640)	
Deposit in advance	(536,000)	
Balance as at the End		3,917,360
Current Portion of Lease Liability		750,102.40
Non-Current Portion of Lease Liability		3,167,257.60
SRI	LANKA	

Lease assets are depreciation over the 8 years, as similar to PPE (The owner is transferred)

### **Income Statement**

Depreciation of PPE Leased Assets	1,062,500
Interest expenses	730,240

## Lease amortization schedule

Years	<b>Opening Bal.</b>	Interest	Instalment	<b>Closing Balance</b>
1	4,564,000.00	730,240.00	(1,376,880.00)	3,917,360.00
2	3,917,360.00	626,777.60	(1,376,880.00)	3,167,257.60
3	3,167,257.60	506,761.22	(1,376,880.00)	2,297,138.82
4	2,297,138.82	367,542.21	(1,376,880.00)	1,287,801.03
5	1,287,801.03	206,048.16	(1,376,880.00)	116,969.19

• In the year one 536,000.00 was deducted from 5,100,000.00

(06 marks)

(b)

As per LKAS 08, changes in useful lives of assets are considered as changes in accounting estimates. The changes in estimates are accounted prospectively, that is for the current year and for the future years.



(04 marks) (Total 10 marks)

End of Section B





## **SECTION C**

Two (02) compulsory questions. (Total 50 marks)

## Suggested Answers to Question No. 08

(a) Suhada Holdings PLC

Statement of Comprehensive Income

For the Year Ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2016

For the Year Ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2016	RS.'000		
Description	Note	Amount	Amount
Sales			77,200
Cost of Sales			(52,748)
Gross Profit			24,452
Other Income	01		1,240
			25,692
Selling Expenses		(7,225)	
Admin Expenses		(7,542)	
Other Expenses	NK	(100)	
Finance Expenses	02	(958.8)	(15,825.80)
Profit before taxation	03		9,866.20
Taxation	04		(330)
Profit after taxation			9,536.20
Other Comprehensive Income			
Revaluation of Land			1500
Total comprehensive income			11,036.20

(10 marks)

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## (b) Suhada Holdings PLC Statement of Financial Position As At 31<sup>st</sup> March 2016

As At 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2016 RS.'00				
Description	Note	Amount	Amount	
Assets				
Non-Current Assets				
Property Plant & Equipment	05	18,195		
Capital Work In Progress		3,051.20	21,246.20	
Current Assets				
Inventories		15,040		
Trade Receivables		6,350		
Prepayment		510		
Short Term Investment		360		
Cash at Bank		390		
Cash in Hand		20	22,670	
Total Asset			43,916.20	
Equity and Liabilities				
Stated Capital	06	6,000		
Revaluation Reserve	LAI	1,500		
Retained Earnings		16,434.20		
Total Equity			23,934.20	
Non-Current Liabilities				
Term Loan		4,000	4,000	
Current Liabilities				
Trade Payable		3,400		
Other Short Term Loan		11,000		
Accruals		1,102		
Tax Payable		480	15,982	
Total Equity & Liabilities			43,916.20	

(08 marks)

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## (c) Suhada Holdings PLC

## Statement of Changes in Equity

For the Year Ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2016

 Detained Farmin
<b>RS.'000</b>
<b>D</b> C 1000

Description	Stated Capital	Revaluation	<b>Retained Earnings</b>
Balance As At the Beginning	6,000		7,898
Total comprehensive Income		1,500	9,536.20
Dividends			(1,000)
Total	6,000	1,500	16,434.20

(03 marks)

	<b>RS.'000</b>				
Description	Land	Buildings	Motor Vehicles	Furniture & Fittings	Total
Balance As At the Beginning	3,500	15,000	7,500	4,400	30,400
Revaluation	1,500				1,500
Disposal Of MV			(3,500)		(3,500)
Total	5,000	15,000	4,000	4,400	28,400
Acc. Depreciation					
Balance As At the Beginning		2,600	3,500	2,550	8,650
Charges for the Year		750	1,325	880	2,955
Removal for Disposal			(1,400)		(1,400)
Total	-	3,350	3,425	3,430	10,205
Carrying Value 31st March 2016	5,000	11,650	575	970	18,195

## (d) Note - 05 PPE

(04 marks) (Total 25 marks)

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Note 01 – Other Income		(Rs. '000)			
Reported form TB	=	2,740			
Revaluation	=	(1,500)			
To PL	=	1,240			
Note 02 – Finance Expense					
Term Loan Interest (5,000*12*1/12)	=	50			
Other Loan Interest	=	960			
Adjustment for borrowing Cost	=	(51.2)			
To PL	=	958.80			

## Note 03 – Profit before taxation

The profit before tax is computed after charging following			
Director remuneration		=	1,000
Audit fee		=	500
Depreciation		=	2,955
Bad Debts		=	500
Note 04 – Taxation			
Current year tax		1 1 1	480
Over Provision		LAIN	(150)
To PL		=	330

### Note 06 – Stated Capital

600,000 Number of Stated Capital at Rs.10 Each = 6,000,000

## Note 07- Dividends

Company has declared a dividend of Rs.2.50 per share at the meeting held on 15th May 2016, which cumulated to Rs. 1,500,000.00. As per LKAS 10, such was not recognized as liabilities in the financial statements.

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## Working 01 – Expenses Schedules

			<b>RS.'000</b>
Description	Selling Exp.	Admin Exp.	Other Exp.
Disposal Loss			100
Depreciation	1,325	1,630	
Membership fee		170	
Bad Debts	500		
Electricity		68	
Telephone		24	
From TB	5,400	4,150	
Director Fee		1,000	
Audit Fee		500	
Total	7,225	7,542	100

### <u>Working 02 – Borrowing Cost</u>

Capitalization Rate	=	<u>800,000+160,000</u> 10,000,000
	=	<u>9.6%</u>
Amounts Capitalized	_S	(1,700*9.6%*3/12) + (1,300*9.6%*1/12) = 51.2
Charged to PL	=	960-51.2
	=	<u>908.8</u>

### Working 03 - Disposal Profit or Loss

Motor Vehicles	3,500.00
Less Depreciation	(1,400.00)
Net Book Value	2,100.00
Sales Proceed	2,000.00
Loss on Disposal	100.00

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## Suggested Answers to Question No. 09

(a) (I)

Goodwill calculation		
Investment by Parent	=	100,000
Fair value of NCI	=	50,000
Total	=	150,000
Less - net assets at the date of acquisition		
Stated Capital Sub	=	100,000
General Reserve	=	5,000
Retained Earnings	=	40,000
Total	=	145,000
Goodwill	=	5,000

## (II) KDL group

### **Consolidated Statement of Financial Statements**

As At 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2016		RS.'000
Property, Plant and Equipment (95000+19500-120+200-80-50+20)		114,470
Goodwill		5,000
Current Assets	Δ	
Inventories (10000+10000-1000)	19,000	
Trade Receivables (210000+212000-2000)	420,000	
Short Term Investment	35,000	
Cash (5700+1450+1500)	8650	482,650
Total Assets		602,120
Capital & Liabilities		
Stated Capital	200,000	
General Reserve	21,500	
Retained Earnings (W 2)	135,540	
Parent's Equity		357,040
Non-Controlling Interest (W 1)		59,580
Total Equity		416,620
Current Liabilities (112000 + 74000 - 2000 + 1500)		185,500
Total Equity and Liabilities		602,120

(21 marks)

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### Workings

1.	Non- controlling interest		
	Fair value as at the date of acquisition	=	50,000
	Share of post profit (21,450 *40%)	=	8,580
	Share of General Reserve	=	1,000
	Total	=	59,580
		=	
2.	<b>Consolidated Retained Earnings</b>		
	Reported Parent's Profit	=	123,700
	Subsidiary share of profit (21,450 x 60%)	=	12,870
	Over depreciation	=	20
	Profit on disposal	=	80
	URP on Disposal of PPE (200-120)	=	(80)
	URP on Inventories [(5,000 / 125) x 25]	=	(1,000)
	Depreciation	=	(50)
	Total	=	135,540
		-	

(b)

- 1. By notice in writing require a specified business enterprise or its auditors to furnish to the board or to a person authorized by the board, within such time, as shall be specified in the notice, any information pertaining to its financial statements and it shall be the duty of such specified business enterprise or its auditors, as the case may be to comply with such requirement within the time specified in the notice.
- 2. Summon and question any director, officer or auditor of any specified business enterprise on any matter pertaining to the preparation or presentation of its financial statements.
- 3. Carry out such investigation or hold such inquiries as it may be notice in writing consider necessary or expedient for the performance of its duties under this Act, and for such purpose may summon and call upon any director, office or auditor of any specified business enterprise to appear before it at any such investigation or inquiry or to produce any such books or documents in the possession or control of such director, officer or auditor as are required for the purpose of such investigation or inquiry.

(04 marks) (Total 25 marks)

End of Section C



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