

#### ASSOCIATION OF ACCOUNTING TECHNICIANS OF SRI LANKA

#### **AA1 EXAMINATION - JULY 2017**

# (AA15) BUSINESS OPERATIONS AND MANAGEMENT

**Instructions to candidates** (Please Read Carefully):

23-07-2017 Afternoon [1.45 - 5.00]

(1) **Time allowed:** Reading - 15 minutes Writing - 03 hours.

No. of Pages : 07 No. of Questions : 06

(2) All questions should be answered.

- (3) **Answers** should be in **one language**, in the **medium** applied for, in the **booklets** provided.
- (4) State clearly assumptions made by you, if any.
- (5) **Action Verb Check List** with definitions is attached. Each question begins with an **action verb** excluding OTQ's. Candidates should answer the questions based on the **definition** of the verb given in the Action Verb Check List.
- (6) 100 Marks.

## **SECTION A**

## **Objective Test Questions (OTQs)**

Twenty (20) compulsory questions
(Total 40 marks)

#### Question 01

Select the most correct answer for question No. **1.1** to **1.15**. Write the number of the selected answer in your answer booklet with the number assigned to the question.

- **1.1** Which one of the following is correct with respect to a partnership?
  - (1) It is compulsory to have a written agreement.
  - (2) Minimum number of partners is 2.
  - (3) It is compulsory to publish financial statements.
  - (4) It should be registered under the Companies Act No. 07 of 2007.
- **1.2** Which one of the following is a "Main Business Function" of an organization?
  - (1) Production / operations.

(2) Finance and Accounting.

(3) Sales and marketing.

(4) All of the above.

1.3		Which one of the following is <b>not</b> a document required for registering a company under the Companies Act No. 07 of 2007?						
	(1) Company registration form.							
	(2)	Statement of consent from the initial secretary.						
	(3)	(3) Articles of Association.						
	(4)	Bank statement of the company.						
1.4	Which one of the following is considered as a success factor in e-commerce?							
	(1)	Selection and value.	(2)	Performance and service.				
	(3)	Security and reliability.	(4)	All of the above.				
1.5	Whi	ch one of the following is a unique feature o	f the	internet?				
	(1)	It connects only with customers and suppl	iers.					
	(2)	It can be used only for information sharing	<u>.</u>					
	(3) Nobody owns it.							
	(4)	It can be used only by the business organiz	ation	S.				
1.6	Whi	Which one of the following is <b>not</b> a characteristic of services?						
	(1)	Services are tangible.	(2)	Service output is variable.				
	(3)	Services are perishable.	(4)	Services have higher customer contacts.				
1.7	Which one of the following is <b>not</b> a role of a manager according to Henry Mintzberg?							
	(1)	Decisional role.	(2)	Informational role.				
	(3)	Conceptual role.	(4)	Interpersonal role.				
1.8	Which one of the following is an example for data?							
	(1)	Employees turnover ratio.	(2)	Selling price of an item in an invoice.				
	(3)	Total sales for the month.	(4)	Profit for the month.				
1.9	Whi	ch one of the following is <b>not</b> an element inc	cluded	d in the Job Description (JD)?				
	(1)	Purpose of the job.	(2)	Job title.				
	(3)	Main tasks to be performed.	(4)	Working experience.				

1.10	Whic	nich one of the following is <b>not</b> an objective of manpower (Human Resources) planning?						
	(1)	To forecast the future human resource requirements.						
	(2)	To ensure availability of flexible workforce.						
	(3)	To attract and ret	tain th	e number of people	requ	ired with skills and	comp	etence.
	(4)	To reduce reward	d expe	nditure.				
1.11	Whic	ch one of the following is a feature of a business organization?						
	(1)	It is a group of pe	ople v	working towards a co	ommo	on goal.		
	(2)	It has a vision and	d a mis	ssion.				
	(3)	It has a culture fo	llowe	d by organizational	values	5.		
	(4)	All of the above.						
1.12		hich one of the following is correct with reference to the final objective of Marketing Concept cluded in evolution of marketing philosophy?						
	(1)	Higher profits thr	ough	higher production.				
	(2)	Higher profits through high quality products.						
	(3)	Higher profits through customer satisfaction.						
	(4)	Higher profits through higher sales.						
1.13	Acco	ccording to the marketing mix (4ps), credit terms are included in:						
	(1)	Place.	(2)	Product.	(3)	Price.	(4)	Promotion.
1.14	Whic	Which one of the following is a characteristic of a successful brand?						
	(1)	Benefits.			(2)	Culture.		
	(3)	Values.			(4)	All of the above.		
1.15	Whic	h one of the follow	ving d	escribes value based	d prici	ing?		
	(1)	Pricing based on	how n	nuch customers are	willin	g to pay for the goo	ds or	services.
	(2)	Pricing by adopting	ng a co	onstant percentage	to the	e cost price of goods	or se	rvices.
	(3)	Pricing based on t	the pr	evailing market pric	e of g	oods or services.		
	(4)	Pricing based on the perceived worth of goods or services to its intended customers.						

1.16 ...... (Job design / Job analysis) is the procedure for determining the duties and skills requirement of a job. 1.17 ...... (Positioning / Market segment) refers to the place that a brand occupies in the minds of customers and how it is distinguished from products of competitors. ...... (Intranet / Extranet) is an organizational network based on internet technology 1.18 that can provide assess to data across the enterprise. 1.19 ...... (Decision support system / Executive support system) is a strategic level information system. 1.20 ...... (ISO 9001 : 2008 / ISO 9000 : 2005) sets out the requirements of a quality management system. (02 marks each, Total 40 marks) — End of Section A ————

Select the correct word/words from those given within brackets to fill in the blanks of question No. **1.16** to **1.20**. Write the selected word/words in your answer booklet with the number assigned to

## **SECTION B**

Four (04) compulsory questions
(Total 40 marks)

#### Question 02

the question.

Different types of enterprises that are designed to provide the broad range of goods and services required by people are known as business organizations. Business organizations can be categorized as sole proprietorships, partnerships, companies, co-operatives and Franchises based on the ownership. Regardless of the type of the business organization, every organization uses support services such as, transportation, insurance, communication, banking, etc. for the smooth operation of their business activities.

(a) **Explain** three(03) characteristics of a sole proprietorship.

(06 marks)

(b) **Explain** the importance of insurance for a business organization.

(04 marks)

(Total 10 marks)

#### Question 03

A successful business organization needs to identify the changes in business environment. Business environment can be divided as internal environment and external environment. There are different models used to identify environmental factors. Porter's Five Forces model is one of the models used to identify the external environmental factors.

- (a) (i) State three(03) elements of the internal environment. (03 marks)
  - (ii) **Identify** three(03) differences between Macro Environment and Micro Environment.

    (03 marks)
- (b) **Explain** any two(02) forces of Porter's Five Forces model. (04 marks) (Total 10 marks)

### Question 04

Due to the inherent complexity of human behaviour, Human Resource Management (HRM) plays a vital role in any organization. Major functions of HRM are job design, job analysis, man power planning, recruitment, selection, induction, performance evaluation, training and development, etc.

- (a) (i) **Explain** the difference between recruitment and selection. (03 marks)
  - (ii) **Identify** the steps involved in the selection process. (04 marks)
- (b) **State** three(03) advantages of external recruitment over internal recruitment. (03 marks) (Total 10 marks)

#### Question 05

Marketing is the process of supplying goods and services necessary for the fulfillment of consumers' needs and wants. Market segmentation is one of the core concepts in marketing.

- (a) **State** the difference between needs and wants with two(02) examples for each. (04 marks)
- (b) **Explain** three(03) characteristics of effective market segmentation. (06 marks) (Total 10 marks)

## **SECTION C**

A compulsory question.

(Total 20 marks)

## Question 06

Agro Product PLC (APP) is a reputed company in Sri Lanka engaged in the manufacture of machineries relating to agriculture. Recently, APP had developed a machinery aimed at improving the productivity of paddy harvest. A market survey was not conducted before introducing the new product to the market. Moreover, the Product Development Department (PDD) of APP had not communicated with other related Departments of APP, regarding the suppliers of raw materials and potential customers until the new machinery was launched. APP manufactured new machineries without having proper orders. At the moment, a large stock of new machineries was maintained. After a few months of the launch, there were several complaints regarding the technical issues of the new machinery. Project Manager of PDD had already resigned from the company. The exit interview evidenced that the resignation was mainly due to the workload, failure of the new product and unsatisfactory rewards. Further, marketing department of APP was not able to clearly answer the concerns raised by the customers. Some issues were answered after long delays because those concerns related to highly technological aspects and there was no competent person to resolve those issues. These long lasting unresolved issues related to the new machinery are causing reputational damage to the other products of the company, and there is a declining trend in revenue from existing products. Finally, APP management decided to recall the new machinery.

#### You are required to:

- (a) **Explain** reasons for the main issues faced by **APP** regarding the launching of newly developed machinery. (06 marks)
- (b) **Identify** the steps involved in a new product design process. (06 marks)
- (c) State four(04) objectives of an effective rewards system. (04 marks)

The company had decided to conduct a market survey to observe the perception of the market about the new machinery. It was decided to outsource the conducting part of the market survey.

ng conducting of the market	outsourcing	through	gained	be	could	that	benefits	<b>List</b> four(04)	(d)
(04 marks)								survey.	
(Total 20 marks)									

End of Section C	
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# **ACTION VERB CHECK LIST**

Knowledge Process	Verb List	Verb Definitions
	Define	Describe exactly the nature, scope, or meaning.
	Draw	Produce (a picture or diagram).
	Identify	Recognize, establish or select after consideration.
	List	Write the connected items one below the other.
	Relate	To establish logical or causal connections.
	State	Express something definitely or clearly.
Level 01	Calculate/Compute	Make a mathematical computation
Comprehension	Discuss	Examine in detail by argument showing different aspects, for the purpose of arriving at a conclusion.
Recall & explain important information	Explain	Make a clear description in detail revealing relevant facts.
	Interpret	Present in an understandable terms.
	Recognize	To show validity or otherwise, using knowledge or contextual experience.
	Record	Enter relevant entries in detail.
	Summarize	Give a brief statement of the main points (in facts or figures).

Knowledge Process	Verb List	Verb Definitions
	Apply	Put to practical use.
Level 02	Assess	Determine the value, nature, ability, or quality.
Application	Demonstrate	Prove, especially with examples.
Healthauladae in a catting	Graph	Represent by means of a graph.
Use knowledge in a setting other than the one in	Prepare	Make ready for a particular purpose.
which it was learned /	Prioritize	Arrange or do in order of importance.
Solve closed-ended problems	Reconcile	Make consistent with another.
prosicino	Solve	To find a solution through calculations and/or explanation.

Knowledge Process	Verb List	Verb Definitions
Level 03 Analysis	Analyze	Examine in detail in order to determine the solution or outcome.
7.110.175.15	Compare	Examine for the purpose of discovering similarities.
Draw relations among	Contrast	Examine in order to show unlikeness or differences.
ideas and compare and contrast / Solve open-	Differentiate	Constitute a difference that distinguishes something.
ended problems.	Outline	Make a summary of significant features.